

Infrastructure and Systems Subcommittee

Preparing the Transportation Infrastructure and Systems for Connected and Automated Vehicles

Roger Millar, Secretary of Transportation
Kickoff Meeting: Infrastructure and Systems Subcommittee
Washington State Department of Transportation
October 2nd, 2018, 9:00-12:00pm

Version: 10-1-18, 12pm



Washington State Autonomous Vehicle Workgroup Infrastructure and Systems Subcommittee

Legislative Focus Areas

- Roadway infrastructure
- Traffic management
- Transit service & vehicles
/ Public Transportation
- Advertising
- Right of way
- Multimodal transportation
- Mobility as a service

Approach

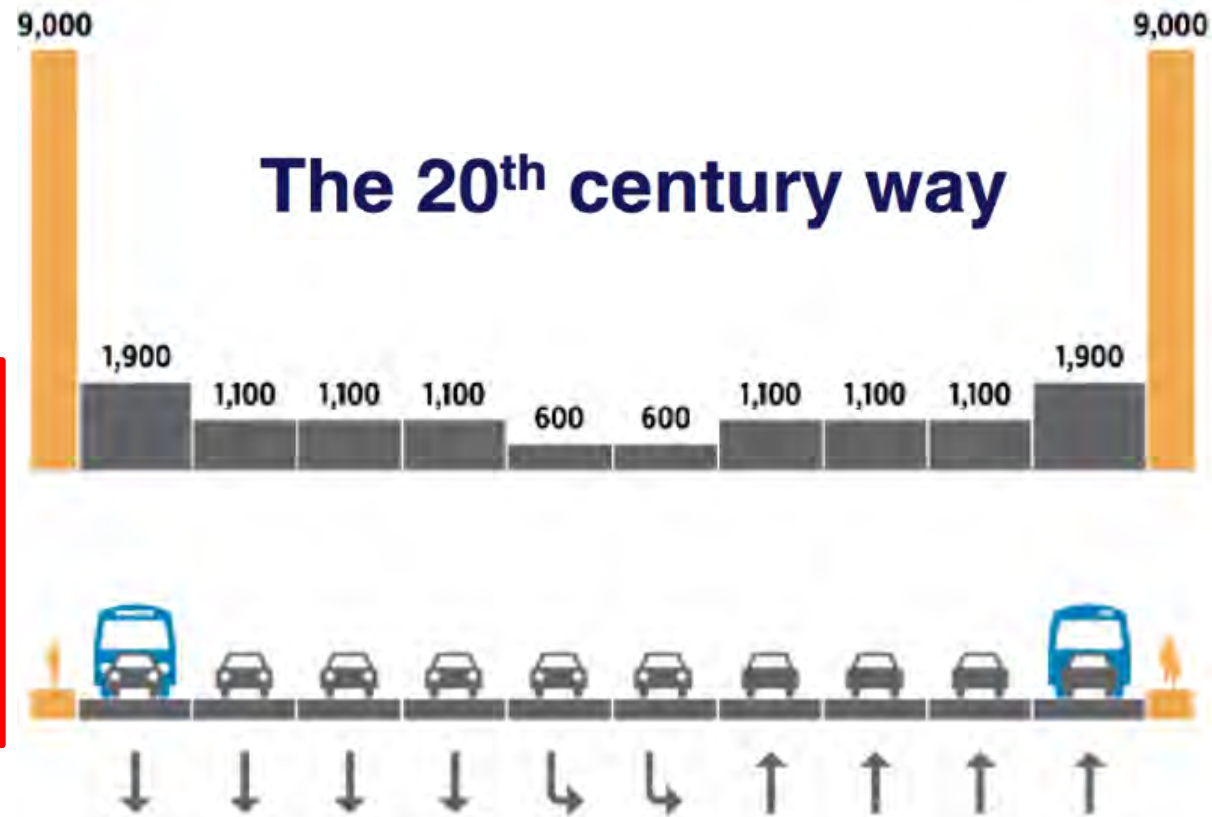
- This forum is for **open discussion** and will serve as a **sounding** board to inform recommendations to the Washington State AV Work Group Executive Committee
- The staff support for this subcommittee will take input received from subcommittee working group members with the **goal of developing a 2019 action plan for discussion at the December 17th meeting.**

Cooperative Automated Transportation



WASHINGTON STATE
AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE
WORK GROUP

Do our old standards meet today's demands?



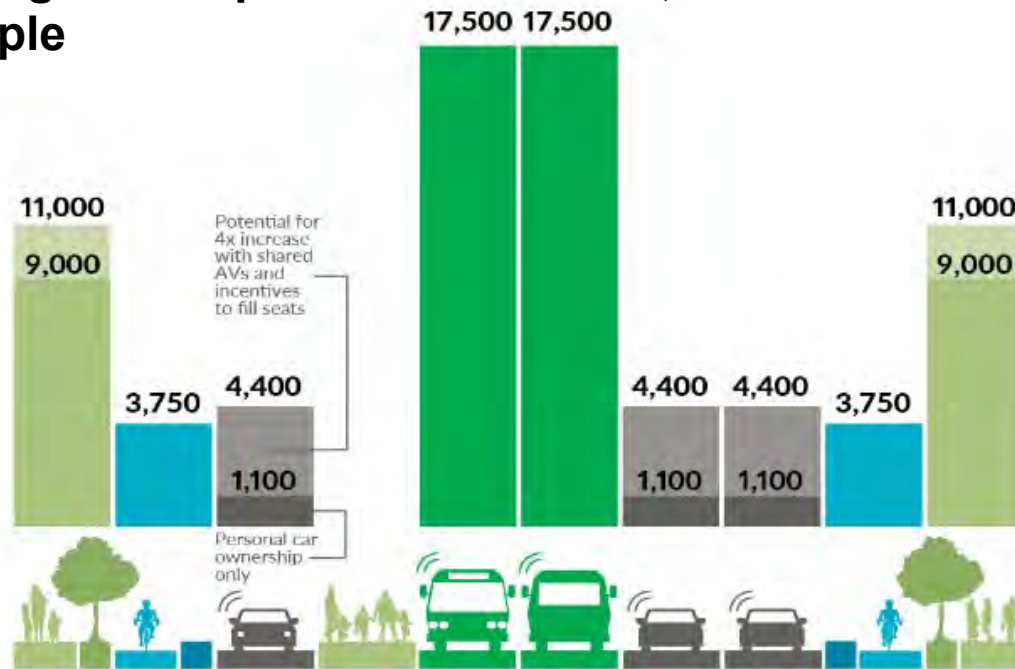

**How many people
can this street
serve per hour?**
Up to
29,600

Photo credit: Perkins + Will, NelsonWygaard & Lyft

A new way to look at our transportation system

If we manage the asphalt and concrete, we can move more people


How many people can this street serve per hour?
Up to **77,000**
Source: NACTD Transit Street Design Guide



Are we focused on:

Replacing the human driver with a robot?

or

Enhancing the lives of the people we serve?

Photo credit: Perkins + Will, NelsonWygaard & Lyft

Preparing for “Autonomous” or Connected and Automated Vehicles requires a broader perspective



Cooperative Automated Transportation (CAT)

Cooperative: Deploying technology to encourage all modes of transportation to work in concert to provide travelers a safe, sustainable, and integrated multimodal transportation system.

Automated: By automating some or all of the functions of or access to various vehicle types (automobile, van, plane, truck, bus, rail, ferry, bicycle, scooter, etc.), traffic management systems, integrated multimodal trip planning and pavement systems along with other functions of the transportation system will greatly improve our collective ability to leverage our limited funding to get the most capacity and safety out of the entire multimodal transportation system.

“Autonomous” implies independence, when in reality all of the parts of the transportation system are interdependent.”

Transportation: The entire transportation system working together (vehicles, infrastructure, modes, services, etc.) to provide safe, reliable and cost-effective transportation options to make our communities more livable, improve economic vitality, and improve the safety of our entire multimodal transportation system.

WSDOT's Vision for CAT

Vision

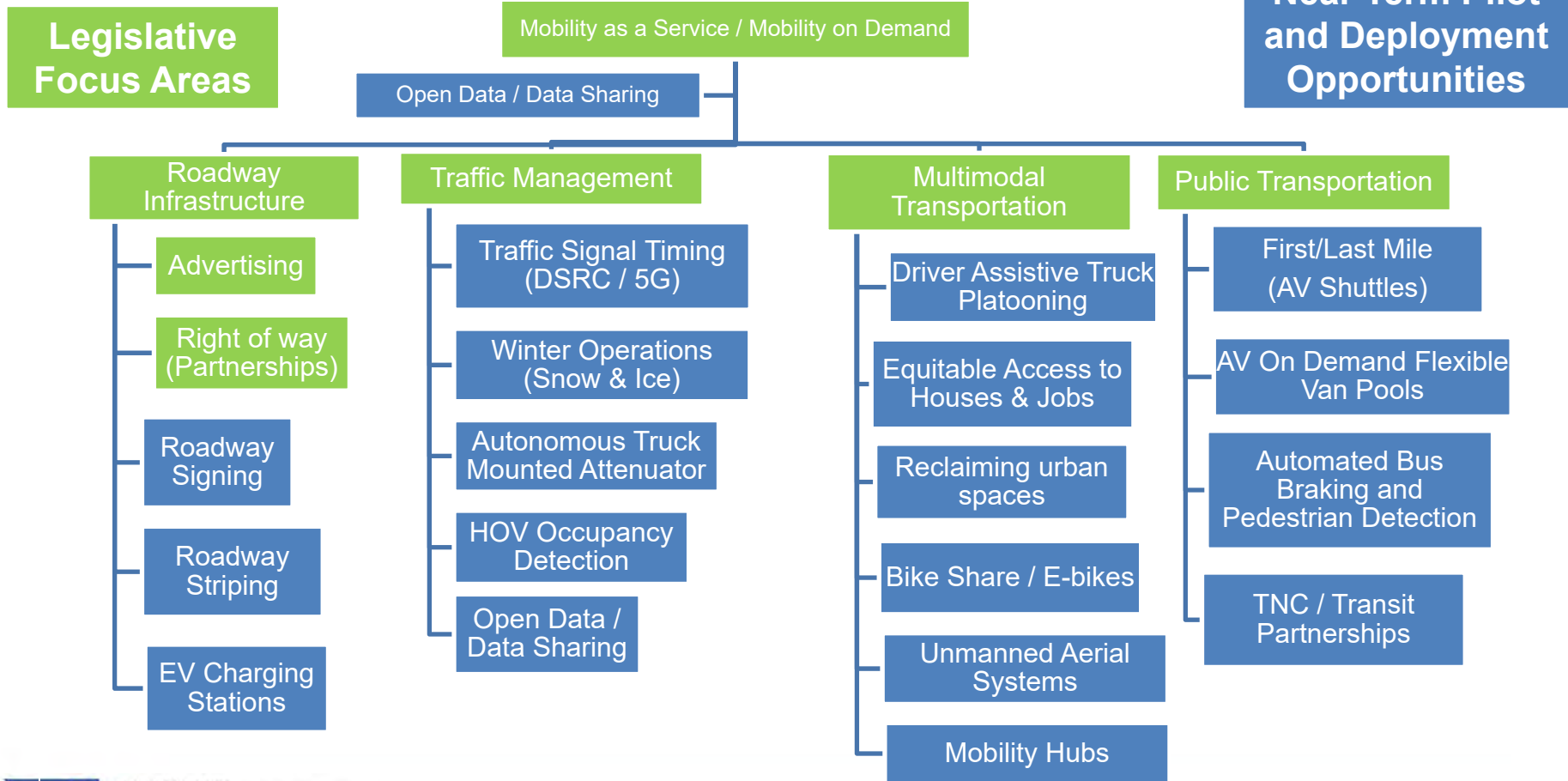
We envision a future where automated, connected, electrified, and **shared mobility** contributes toward a **safe** and efficient transportation system that **emphasizes public transit and active transportation** and promotes **livable (walkable / bikeable), economically vibrant communities** with affordable housing and convenient access to jobs and other activity centers.

WSDOT's Draft CAT Policy Goals

- Organizing for innovation
- Shared mobility
- Economic vitality and livability
- Infrastructure and Context Sensitive street design
- Land use
- Equity
- Safety
- Environment



Cooperative Automated Transportation (CAT)



Open Group Discussion

1. Do we have the right people around the table? Who is missing?
 - Review working group and interested persons roster
2. Are any organizations and/or interest groups over **OR** under represented?

What does CAT look like?



A Connected Automated Vehicle is one component of CAT

Connected Vehicle

Communicates with nearby vehicles and infrastructure; Not automated



Connected Automated Vehicle
Leverages autonomous automated and connected vehicles



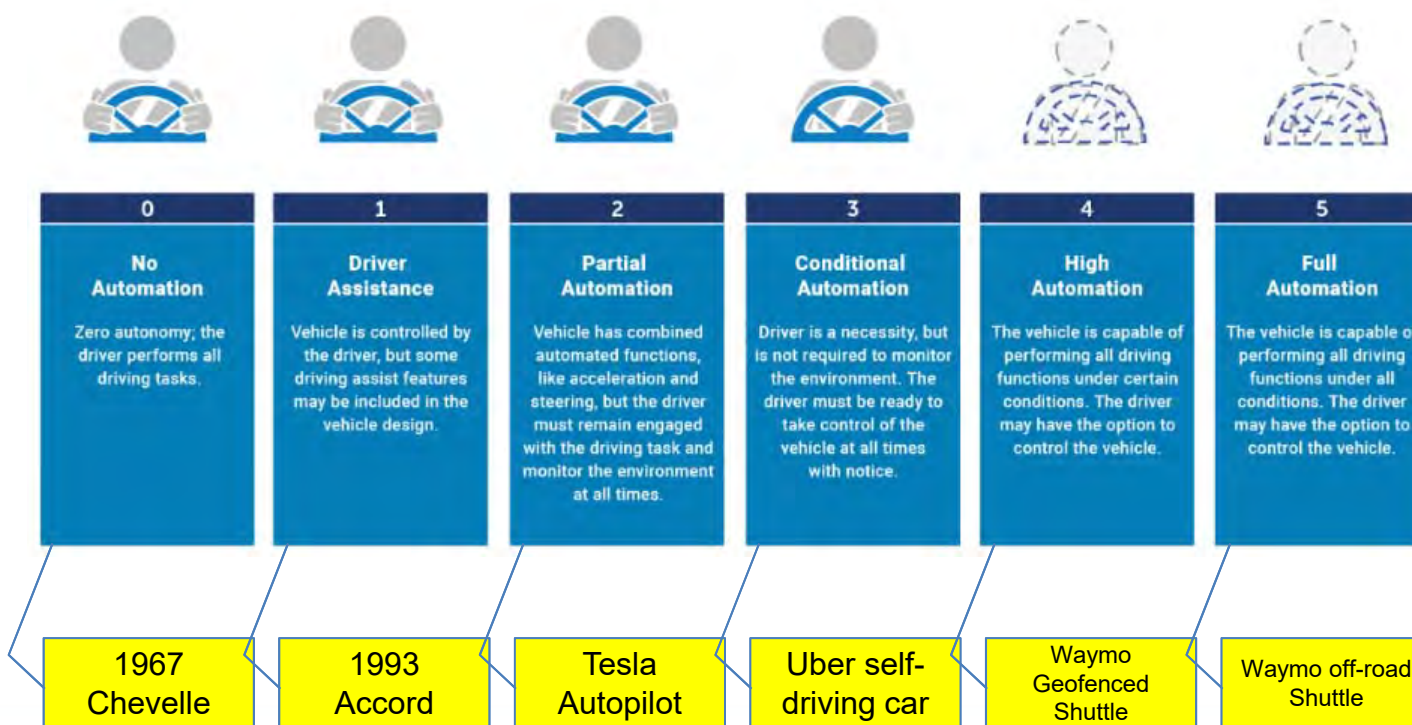
Autonomous Vehicle

Operates in isolation from other vehicles using internal sensors

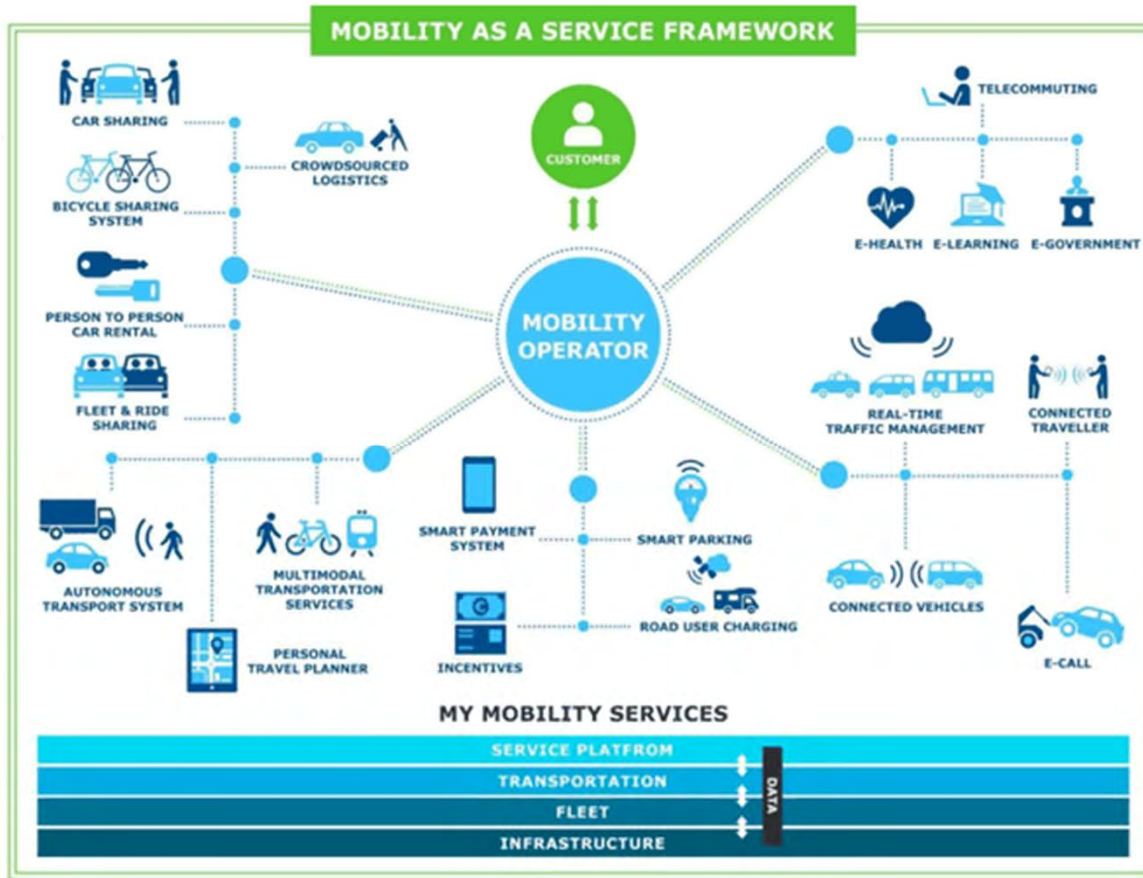


Connected Automated Vehicle Level of Automation

SAE: Society of Automotive Engineers



Mobility as a Service / Mobility on Demand



- Integrated, seamless payment and trip planning
- Bundling of services
- On demand, dynamic services
- City Mapper- integrated trip planning
- Lyft- integrating bus and scooter
- Go Monrovia (Los Angeles) subsidized PPP
- Whim (Finland)- integrated all mobility options and bundled with monthly subscriptions

Image from Ministry of Transport and Communication, Finland



Automated

- Commercial availability of Level 2 technologies
- Truck platooning and AV freight
- AV proving grounds
- AV shuttle deployments
- Drones, delivery robots



Source: U.S. Department of Transportation

Connected

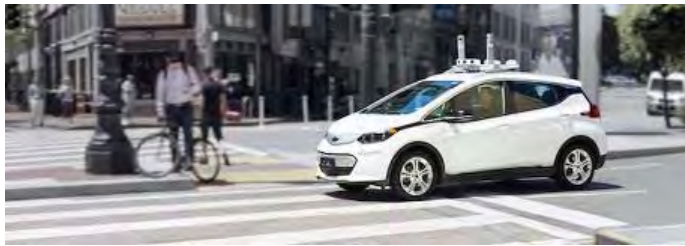
- CV Pilot Program
- SPaT Challenge
- Communications technology debate (DSRC vs. cellular/ C-V2X)
- Smart Cities and data





Electric

- EV in the AV ecosystem
- EV infrastructure (fixed and inductive charging)
- Electrification initiatives and incentives



Shared

- Planned launches of AV taxi services
- Transit / TNC partnerships
- Carpool / vanpool programs
- Bikeshare/ scooters/ personal car share, etc.

Driver-Assistive Truck Platooning

- As of September 2018, **17 states have made allowance for commercial deployment of driver-assistive truck platooning**. Sixteen have passed legislation (Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Mississippi, Nevada, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, and Wisconsin), and one has acted administratively (Ohio).
- **Four other states** (Arizona, Colorado, Florida, and New Mexico) allow limited commercial deployments of truck platooning.
- **Three states** (California, New York, and Virginia) allow for testing of truck platooning, with others expressing interest.
- **Illinois and Pennsylvania** currently have legislation pending which would allow full commercial deployment of truck platooning.



Future uses for Public R/W

- Leveraging the Public Right of Way Asset
 - Telecom Partnerships
(Long Term Lease Agreements)
 - 5G small cell deployment
 - Fiber optic trunk lines to facilitate Smart City Applications



CAT in Action in Washington



Multimodal Transportation



- **Incorporating CAT Policy Goals into a guiding policy framework** that will serve as reference point for short and long term planning
- Encouraging partnership
- Reclaiming urban spaces
- Equitable access to jobs and housing
- Sustainable transportation system

Public Transportation

- **Pierce Transit** has been piloting:
 - Automated pedestrian detection which has reduced pedestrian-related crashes
 - Use of subsidized transportation network company (TNC) trips first and last mile connections to and from transit centers and bus stops
- **WSDOT** is exploring
 - Rural micro-transit
 - First/last mile connections
 - Potential Grant Program



Photo credit: Seattle Medical Center



Photo credit: WSDOT

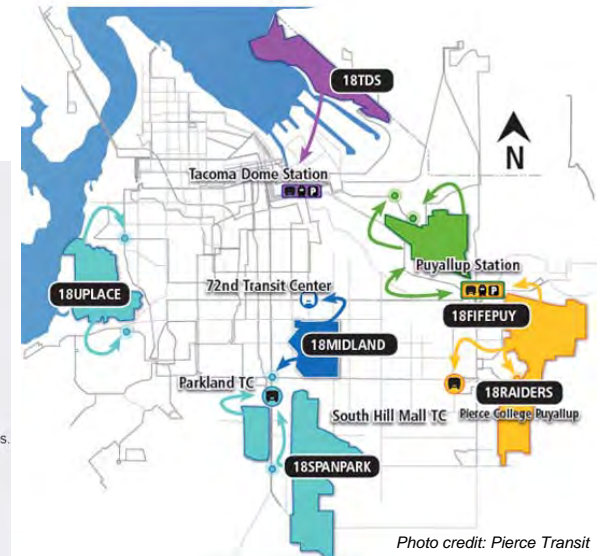
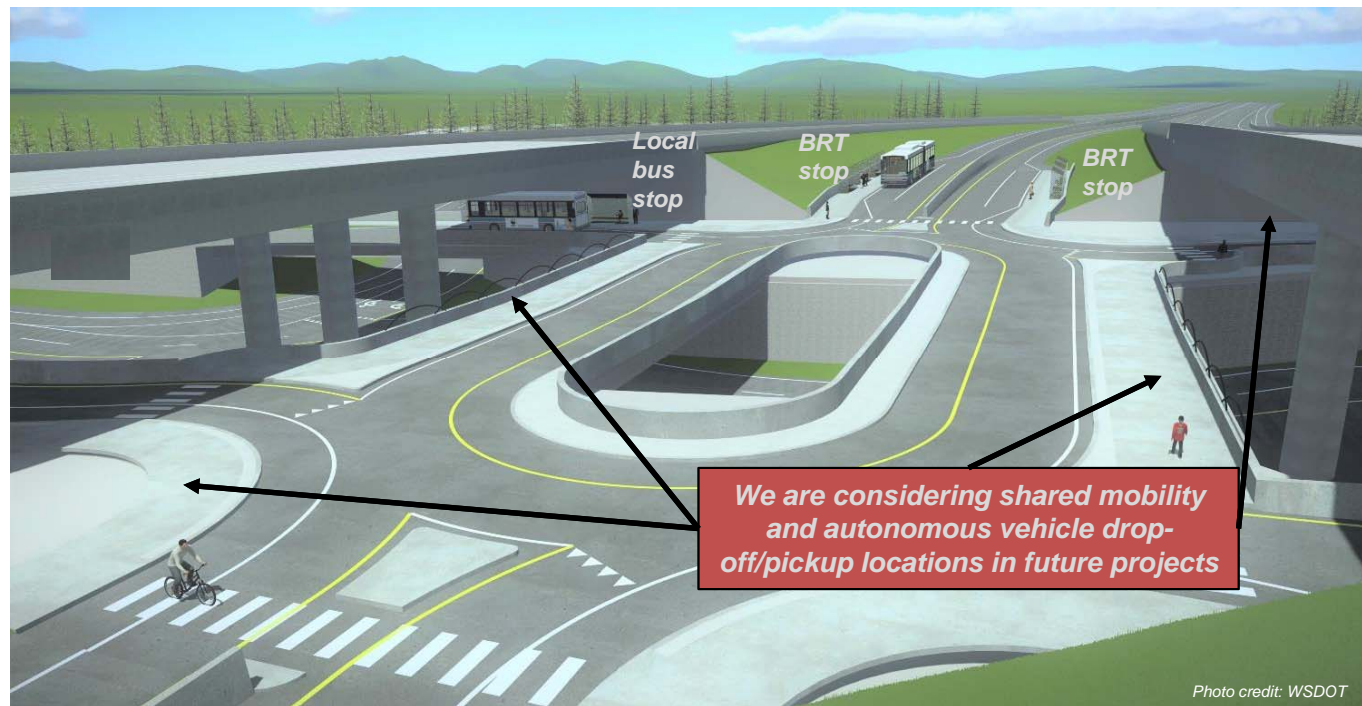


Photo credit: Pierce Transit

Multimodal Connection Hub

- Separated transit interchange concept
- Preparing for Transit Connectivity



Autonomous Truck Mounted Attenuator (ATMA) Work Zone Safety

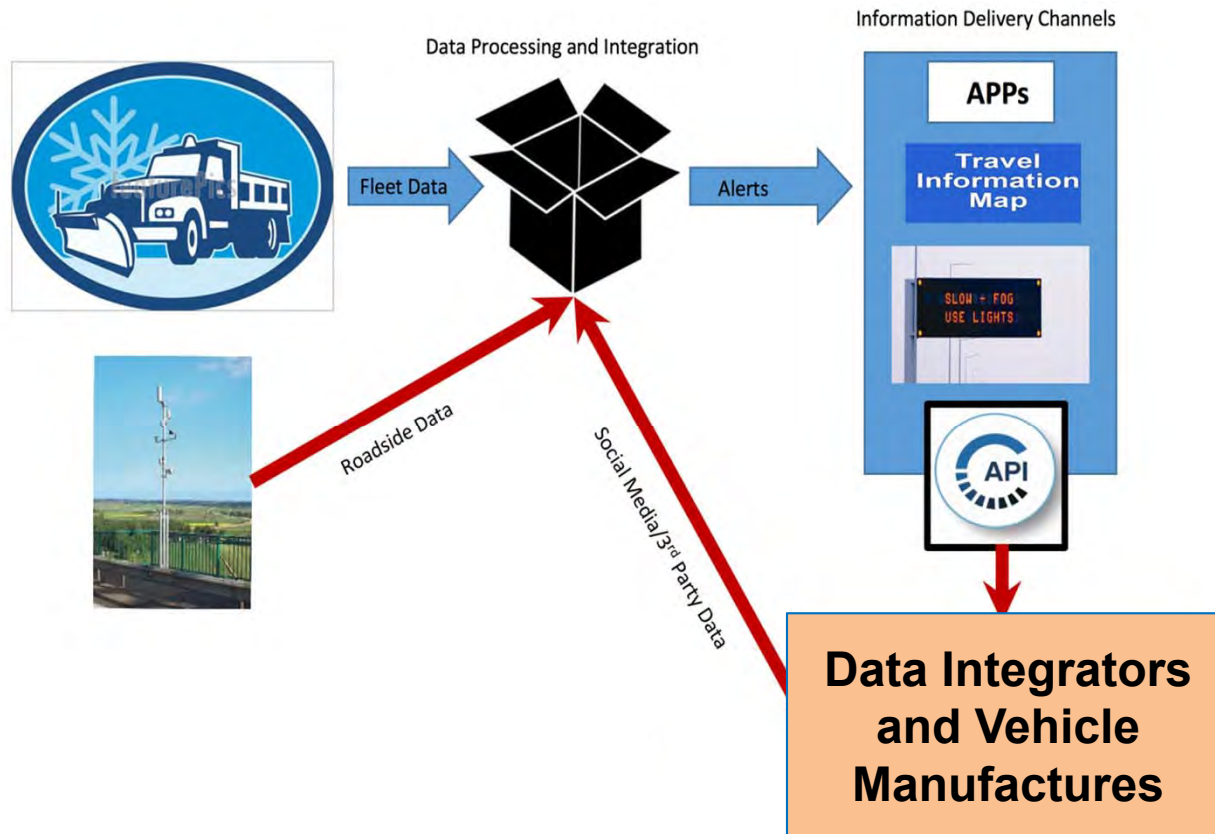
Low-speed
striping
operations



Photo credit: WSDOT



Winter Roadway Operations

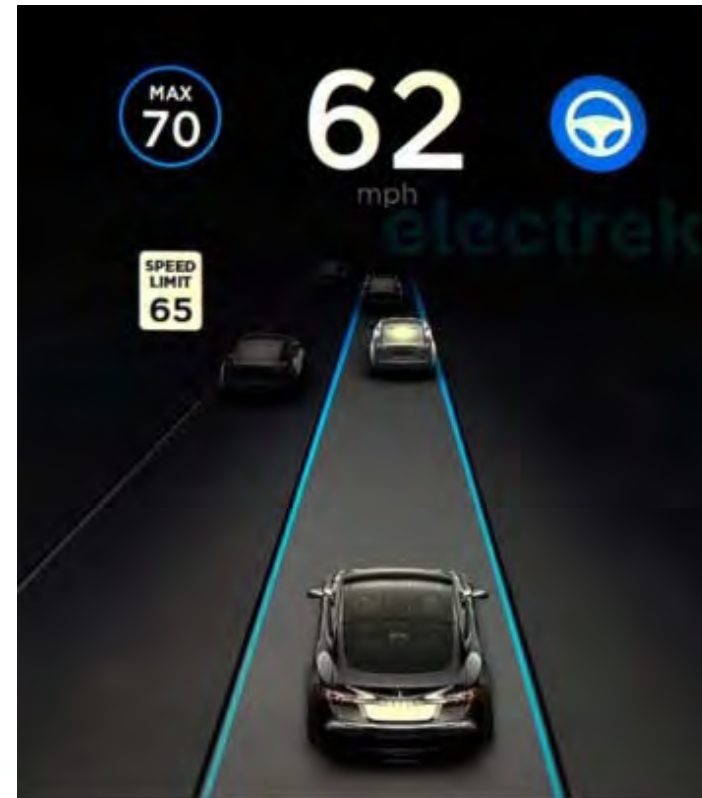


Informing the public:
“Snow Plow
Operations Ahead”

Machine Readable Signing and Striping

“Good for human drivers today ...

Prepares for
Automated
Vehicles
tomorrow”



Traffic Signal Operations

Communicating with the transportation infrastructure



Communicate via **centralized system**

AASHTO **S**ignal **P**hase and **T**iming (SPaT) Challenge

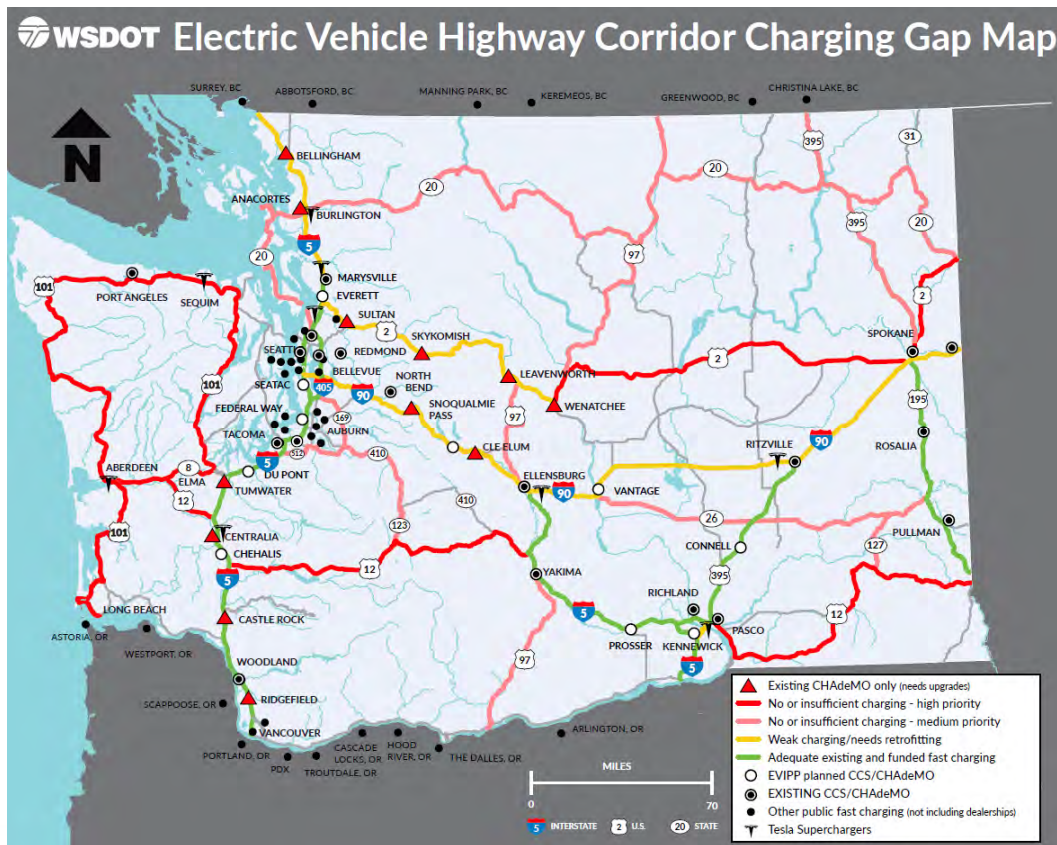
- 4 locations across WA
- 23 intersections



DSRC: Dedicated short range communications the vehicle to the traffic signal

EV Charging Infrastructure

- Uses a portion of the annual electric vehicle registration fee to provide matching grants
- \$1 million in state funding used to encourage private sector investment for 15 new locations totaling \$2.5 million
- \$100M would complete the gap map with charging station(s) every 70 miles



National Framework Overview



Automobile history

Easter Parades in New York City

Year 1900: One Motor Vehicle Year 1913: One Horse & Carriage



So when will “Autonomous” Vehicles arrive?

Ten competitors have publically projected market dates between 2019 and 2022 for SAE Level 4 Vehicles



National Efforts

AASHTO Transportation News Services

CTSO

- Home
- 2018 Annual Meeting
- 2017 Annual Meeting
- Membership
- National Operations Center of Excellence
- Subcommittee on Operations
 - Working Group on Operations Strategies
 - Working Group on TIM
 - Working Group on Freight Operations
- Subcommittee on Technology
 - Working Group on Systems Integration
 - Working Group on Communications Technology

Working Group on Connected and Automated Vehicles (CAV)

Co-Chairs:
Blaine Leonard, Utah DOT
Greg Larson, California DOT

The Working Group on Connected and Automated Vehicles (CAV) includes the following topics:

- Deployment support
- Signal Phasing and Timing (SPaT)
- Education and outreach
- Coordination with other committees and national organizations
- Monitor emerging technologies and coordinate evaluation
- Asset management of CAV-related assets
- Related research initiative
- Data/Performance Management needs

COALITION FOR FUTURE MOBILITY MEMBERS BENEFITS OF SELF-DRIVING VEHICLES PRESS/MEDIA

The Roadmap to Self-Driving Vehicles

Sixty years ago, at a moment in time when visionary action was needed, Congress passed the federal interstate highway act. It brought mobility to a nation, strengthening the economy in a powerful way. This Congress is poised to make history again...to make its own

SAE INTERNATIONAL SAE MC

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From ADAS to Automated Driving

October 9-11, 2018 | Detroit, MI | Cobo Center

[Register Now](#)

AAMVA American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators

safety Emerging Driverless Innovation Automated

TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM advances TECHNOLOGY

Jurisdictional Guidelines for the Safe Testing and Deployment of Highly Automated Vehicles

April 2018

VEHICLE STANDING COMMITTEE, AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES BEST PRACTICES WORKING GROUP

WASHINGTON STATE AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE WORK GROUP

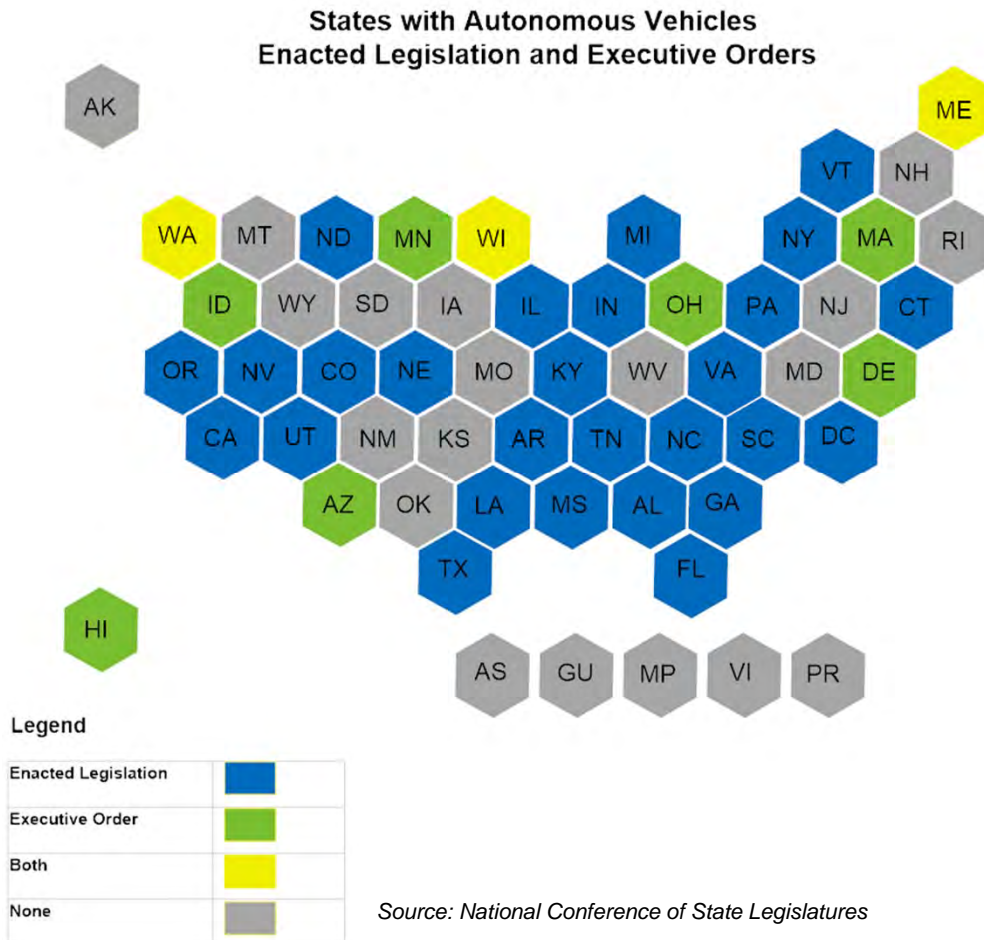
Federal Legislation

- House (H 3388 SELF DRIVE Act) passed the full House and awaits Senate action
- Senate Bill (S 1885 AV START Act) passed the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, but hasn't been brought to full vote of Senate yet
- Open issues include whether or not to include trucks, the pre-emption language, and the FMVSS exemption numbers
- Work continues behind the scenes to get the holds released and determine whether this bill stands alone or gets incorporated into an upcoming bill.
- Once it eventually passes the Senate, then a conference committee will be named to work out differences.

Federal Guidance

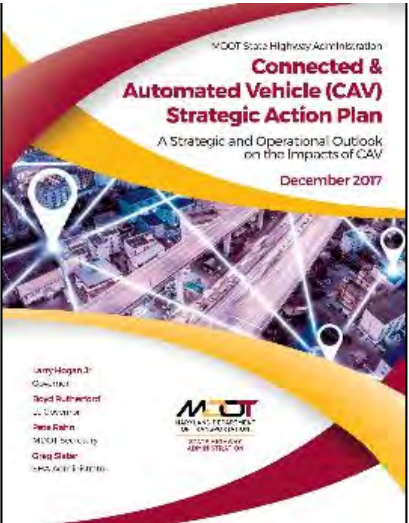
- 2016 – Federal Automated Vehicles Policy
- 2017 – Automated Driving Systems: A Vision for Safety 2.0
 - The first two versions provided manufacturers with guidance on how the technology would be regulated by NHTSA and advised states on best practices for regulating them in their jurisdictions.
- 2018/19 – version 3.0 will reportedly go beyond by incorporating other modes
 - We expect truck, bus, motorcycles, and more

Policy and Legislation



- State legislation and executive actions
- Emerging policy issues (parking, curb space, enforcement)

Strategy, Guidance and Organization



The Future of Smart Mobility



- Strategic planning for CAV/New Mobility
- Best practices and guidance documents through national organizations
- Establishment of CAV-specific offices within organizations
- Multi-agency work groups

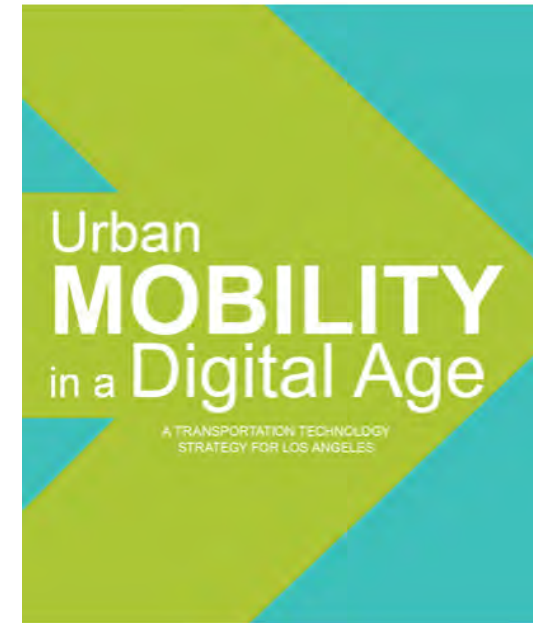


Policy Framework Efforts

TEN GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- Collaboration**
Emerging Mobility Services and Technology providers and the City must engage and collaborate with each other and the community to improve the city and its transportation system.
- Safety**
Emerging Mobility Services and Technologies must be consistent with the City and County of San Francisco's goal for achieving Vision Zero, reducing conflicts, and ensuring public safety and security.
- Transit**
Emerging Mobility Services and Technologies must support, rather than compete with public transit services, must account for the operational needs of public transit and encourage use of high-occupancy modes.
- Congestion**
Emerging Mobility Services and Technologies must consider the effects on traffic congestion, including the resulting impacts on road safety, modal choices, emergency vehicle response time, transit performance and reliability.
- Sustainability**
Emerging Mobility Services and Technologies must support sustainability, including helping to meet the city's greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reduction goals, promote use of all non-auto modes, and support efforts to increase the resiliency of the transportation system.
- Equitable Access**
Emerging Mobility Services and Technologies must promote equitable access to services. All people, regardless of age, race, color, gender, sexual orientation and identity, national origin, religion, or any other protected category, should benefit from Emerging Mobility Services and Technologies, and groups who have historically lacked access to mobility benefits must be prioritized and should benefit most.
- Accountability**
Emerging Mobility Services and Technologies providers must share relevant data so that the City and the public can effectively evaluate the services' benefits to and impacts on the transportation system and determine whether the services reflect the goals of San Francisco.

San Francisco



Los Angeles

- Guiding Principles
- Data Standards
- Metrics
- Policies
- Pilots

AASHTO CAT Policy, Legislative and Regulatory Work Group

Work Plan Priorities through June 2019

Activity #1: Create a clearinghouse for sharing CAT policy frameworks completed or under development

Activity #2: Identify funding opportunities and financing models to enable near-term CAT investments

Activity #3: Identify model regulations that enable near-term pilots and deployments

Top Priorities

- 1.) Guidelines for AV testing on public roads
- 2.) Truck platooning – driver assisted (SAE Level 1)
- 3.) HOV lane enforcement

Washington State Framework Overview

How is Washington state preparing?

Governor's Autonomous Vehicle Work Group

JAY INSLEE
Governor



STATE OF WASHINGTON
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
P.O. Box 40002 • Olympia, Washington 98504-0002 • (360) 902-4111 • www.governor.wa.gov

EXECUTIVE ORDER 17-02
AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE TESTING & TECHNOLOGY
IN WASHINGTON STATE
AND AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE WORK GROUP

GOVERNOR INSLEE'S ANNOUNCEMENT

"Washington state is already a leader in autonomous vehicle technology. We are an early-adopter that welcomes innovation and the safe testing and operation of AVs," Inslee said. "AVs could help save countless lives, reclaim time spent in traffic, improve mobility and be an important tool in our efforts to combat climate change."
—Governor Jay Inslee



In 2016, Governor Inslee worked with Google executives to recruit their self-driving car program to Washington state. That program (now known as Waymo) has successfully tested AVs throughout the City of Kirkland without incident. Over twenty AV technology companies — both established companies and start-ups — have developed a presence in Washington state. On June 7, 2017, Governor Inslee signed an [executive order](#) to further support the safe testing and operation of autonomous vehicles.

- June 7, 2017 [Executive Order 17-02](#) formed Governor's AV Work Group



- March 22, 2018 [SHB 2970](#) Transportation Commission facilitated AV Work Group



Governor's Executive Order 17-02

Key Provisions

Executed June 7, 2017

- Pilot programs are enabled throughout the state in partnership with entities that are developing AV technology equipment and such pilots may or may not have a human present in the vehicle.
- Entities conducting AV testing with a human present in the vehicle must self-certify to DOL they are compliant with all requirements including: possessing a valid drivers license; providing proof of financial responsibility as required by RCW 46.30.020; the operator must have ability to direct the vehicle's movement if assistance is needed; etc.
- Entities conducting AV testing without a human present in the vehicle must self-certify to DOL they are compliant with all requirements including: vehicles being equipped with automated driving systems that perform all aspects of driving on a part or full-time basis and must be able to bring the vehicle to a safe condition in the event of a system failure; providing proof of financial responsibility as required by RCW 46.30.020; etc.
- Entities may implement pilot programs immediately after providing notification to DOL.
- Establishes an interagency work group to advance the objectives of the Exec. Order and examine emerging automated transportation technology in other modes, including freight, aviation, transit, passenger rail, marine vessels and ferries, as well as points of convergence with connected, shared and electric vehicles.
- Work group includes representatives from the: Governor's Office, Dept. of Transportation, Dept. of Commerce, Dept. of Licensing, Wash. State Patrol, and the Traffic Safety Commission.

SHB 2970

Legislative Intent (SHB 2970 (Sec. 3), Ch. 180, Laws of 2018):

“The legislature finds that establishing an autonomous vehicle work group, to be convened by the transportation commission, will facilitate state efforts to address the emergence of autonomous vehicle technology. It is the intent of the legislature for the transportation commission to develop recommendations for policy, laws, and rules for the operation of autonomous vehicles, with input from the autonomous vehicle work group, that enable Washington state to address the public policy changes necessitated by the emergence of this technology in an informed, thorough, and deliberate manner.”



SHB 2970

Key Provisions

- The AV Work Group is to develop policy recommendations to address the operation of autonomous vehicles on public roadways.
- Executive branch agencies are identified who must participate.
- Requires four House and four Senate members – two from each caucus of each house.
- The Transportation Commission may invite additional participation as needed.
- The Work Group must:
 - Follow developments in AV technology, AV deployment, and federal, state and local policies that relate to AV operations.
 - The scope of this work must include commercial and passenger autonomous vehicles.
 - Explore approaches to modifying state policy, rules and laws to further public safety and prepare for AV technology deployment in the state.
 - Disseminate information
- The Transportation Commission must develop and update recommendations annually based upon input from the work group and report them to the Legislature and Governor.
- Recommendations may include changes to state law and rules.

Washington State Autonomous Vehicle Workgroup

- Roadway infrastructure
- Traffic management
- Transit service & vehicles
- Advertising
- Right of way
- Multi-modal transportation
- Mobility as a service

- Governor
- Insurance Commissioner
- Department of Licensing
- Department of Transportation
- Washington State Patrol
- Traffic Safety Commission
- State Chief Information Officer
- WSTC Chair
- Four members from Senate
- Four members from House



www.wstc.wa.gov/Meetings/AVAgenda/AutonomousVehicleWorkGroup.html

Subcommittees

Licensing

Infrastructure and Systems

Liability

Safety

System Tech and Data Security

WSDOT Organizational Efforts External Engagement



External Workgroups

Governor's Autonomous Vehicle Work Group



AASHTO CAT Coalition
Policy, Legislative,
and Regulatory
Workgroup



Engagement Opportunities



The National Academies of
SCIENCES • ENGINEERING • MEDICINE



National Academies/TRB Forum
PREPARING FOR AUTOMATED VEHICLES AND SHARED MOBILITY
-KICK-OFF MEETING-



On-road testing and deployment in Washington

Department of Licensing
Autonomous Vehicles:
Self-certification testing
in Washington state

The screenshot shows the Washington State Department of Licensing website. The main navigation bar includes Home, Drivers, Vehicles, Professions, List of Licenses, and Moving to WA. The 'Vehicles' section is active. The page title is 'Autonomous vehicles: Self-certification for testing in Washington state'. The content is organized into sections: 'Who needs to self-certify?', 'How to self-certify', 'Testing with human operators present', and 'Testing without human operators present'. A yellow box highlights a list of 'Self-certified companies' including Dooblai LLC, May Mobility, Navya Inc., NVIDIA Corporation, Simple Solutions, TORC Robotics, and Waymo LLC. A 'Related information' section provides a link to the 'Autonomous Vehicle Testing & Technology in Washington State and Autonomous Vehicle Work Group'. A 'Questions? Need help?' section provides an email address: autonomousvehicles@dol.wa.gov.

Self-Certified Companies

1. Dooblai LLC
2. May Mobility
3. Navya Inc.
4. NVIDIA Corporation
5. Simple Solutions
6. TORC Robotics
7. Waymo LLC

NEW MOBILITY PLAYBOOK



Version 1.0

September 2017



Policy Framework Efforts

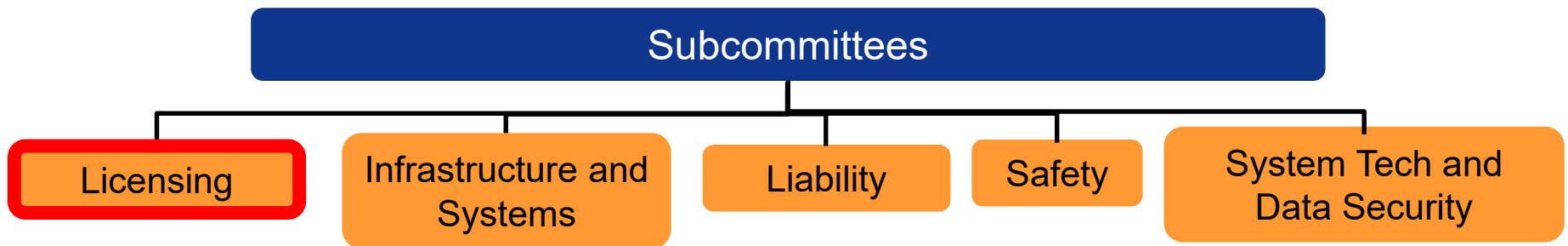
Seattle

- Vision
- Values
- Principles for Mobility
- Next Steps

Summary of other Washington State AV Work Group subcommittee progress

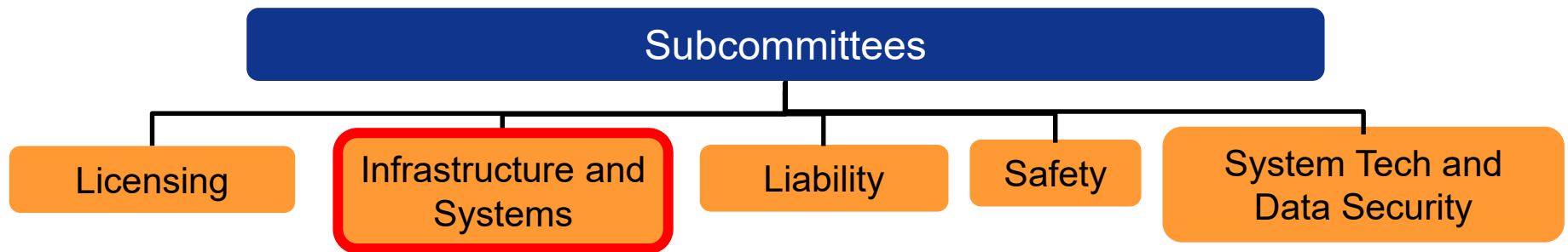


Washington State AV Work Group subcommittees progress report



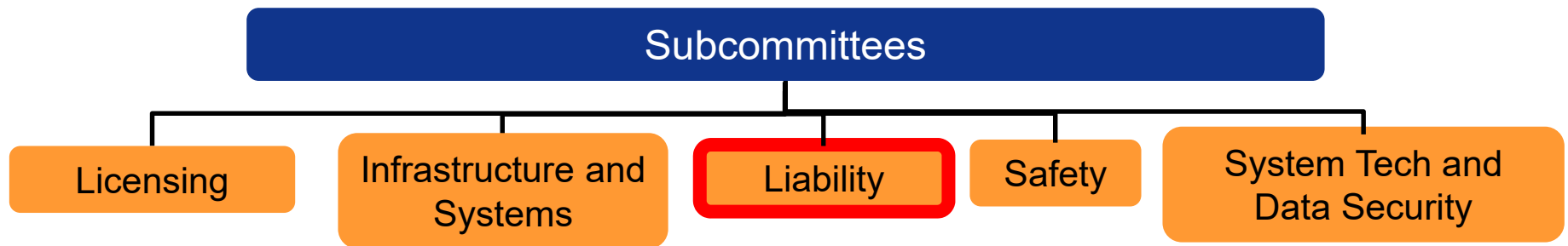
- One meeting held to date
- Approved subcommittee charter
- Established goals for the coming year
- Next meeting scheduled for October 5th

Washington State AV Work Group subcommittees progress report



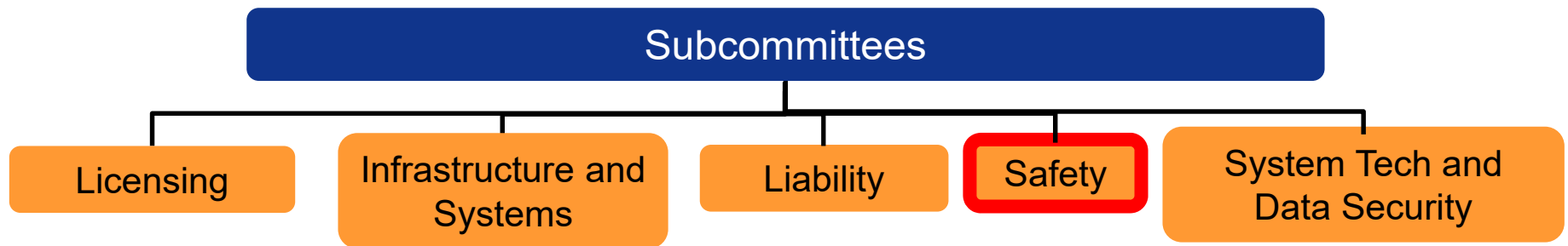
- Progress report will be developed for the October 24th Executive Committee Meeting based on the pre meeting survey, today's discussion and other input from working members.

Washington State AV Work Group subcommittees progress report



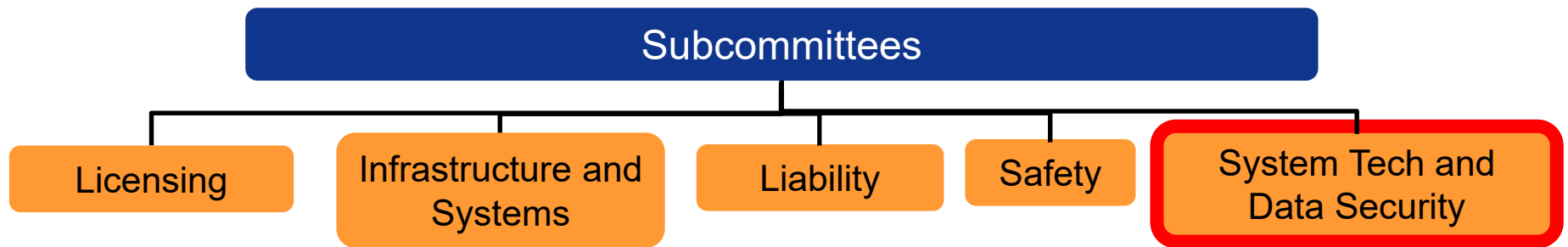
- One meeting held to date
- Developed decision-making and voting process
- Created a list of issues to be tackled by the subcommittee

Washington State AV Work Group subcommittees progress report



- Three meetings held to date
- Conducted AV 101 education
- Discussed key topics including educating the public, understanding “black box” data, health impact assessment, and AV certification

Washington State AV Work Group subcommittees progress report



- One meeting held to date
- Conducted overview of key provisions of the legislation
- Initiated scope discussion and identification of subcommittee membership

Identifying a 2019 Action Plan

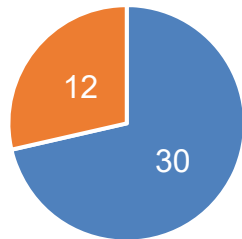


Working Groups Member Survey

Questions

Have you been involved in either policy or implementation work related to Autonomous/Automated Vehicle (AV) and Connected Vehicles (CV) technology?

Involved in CAV Work



53 invitations 42 Responded

■ Yes ■ No

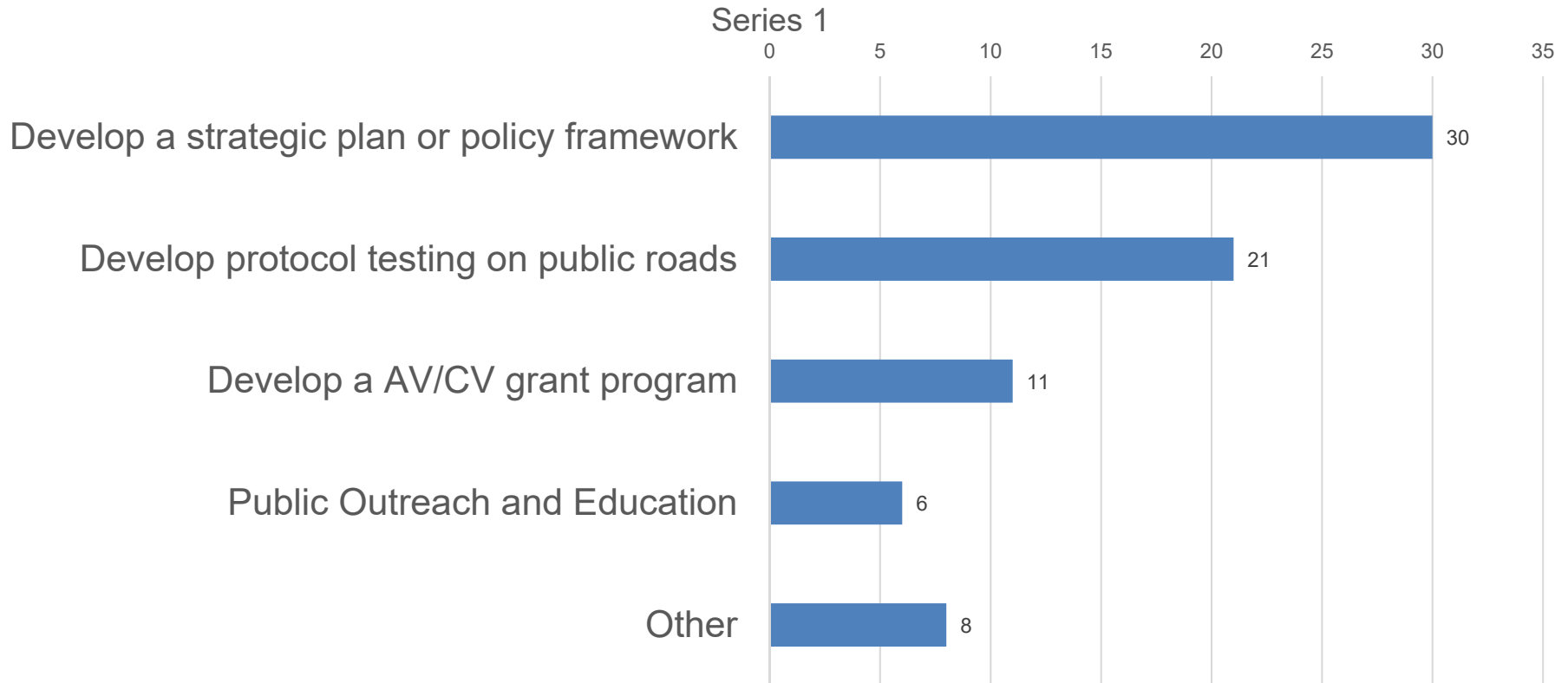
How would you categorize your understanding of the Autonomous/Automated Vehicle (AV) and Connected Vehicles (CV) subject area on a scale from 1 to 100?

- Average score of 64
- 14 responses of 80 or higher

1 = Need a detailed primer

100 = Could instruct a CV / AV 101 course

Enabling Policy & Program Survey



Enabling Policy & Program Survey

Other Ideas Submitted in the Survey

1. Need for Regulatory Framework

- a) Develop a program for Cities and Counties to coordinate with the State in **establishing local regulatory frameworks for AV/CV testing, pilots, and deployment**
- b) Support for local jurisdictions, **consistent regulatory framework**
- c) Protocols and requirements not just for testing of AV technology but also applications of AV technology.
 - (Examples: zero occupancy tax, Sliding scale VMT etc to ensure that AVs improve transportation without adding # of vehicles, VMT and worsening congestion and energy use)
- d) **Safety requirements and infrastructure needs** to prioritize safety.
- e) **Equity implications** of AV technology
- f) **Open Data / Data Sharing / Cyber Security / Data Privacy**
 - Understanding what will happen to the data created by Autonomous Vehicles - will it be given to public agencies for study or use / will it stay within private AV companies / what are the legal, privacy, and protection implications for citizens?
- g) Will infrastructure need to adapt to AV technology or will AV technology be perfected to adapt to the infrastructure?

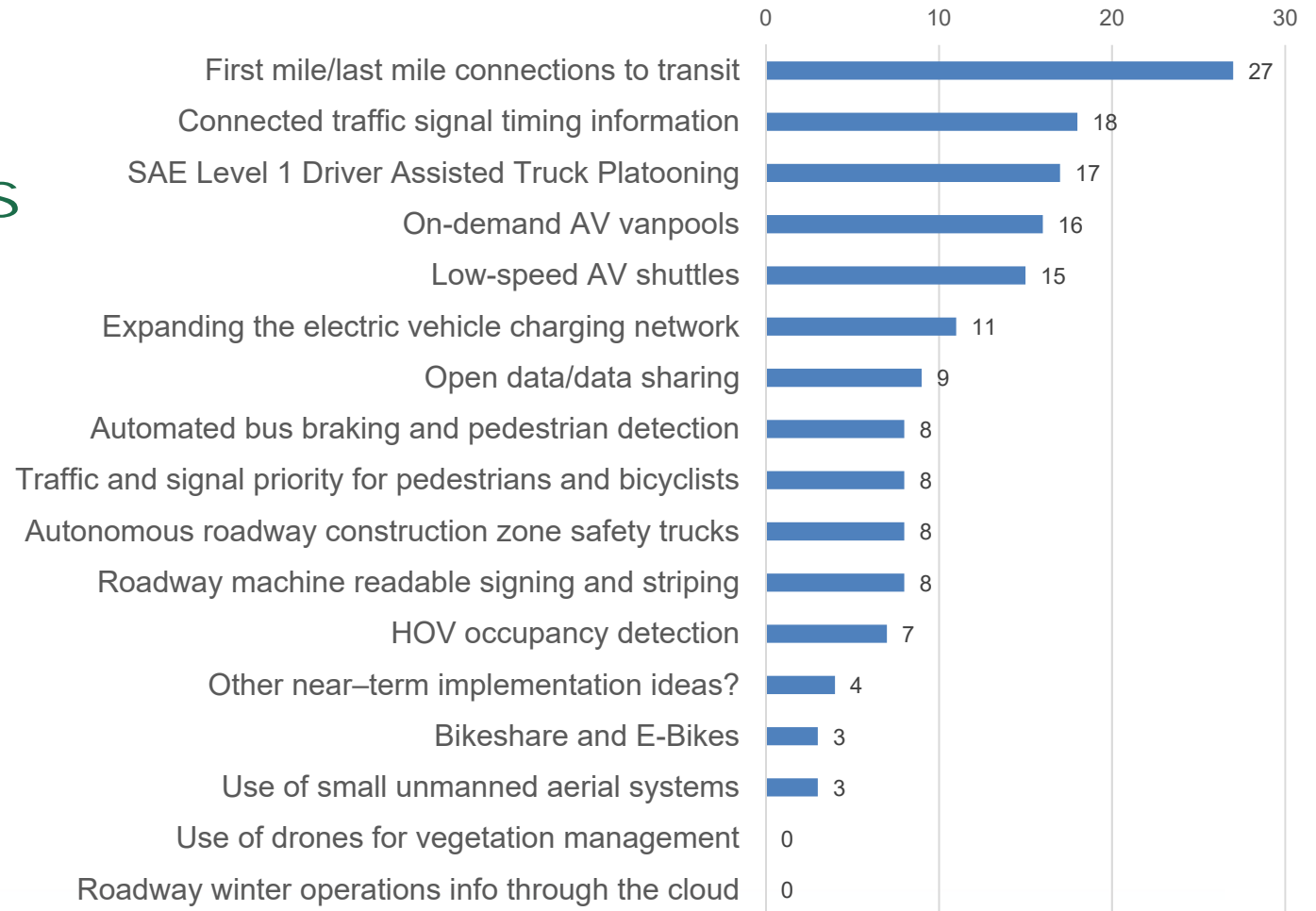
2. Need Funding for Transportation Infrastructure & Systems

- a) Road Pricing

3. Commute Trip Reduction Act

- a) Cross-reference above with changes to state Commute Trip Reduction Act and include in corridor planning strategies

Near Term Pilots & Deployments Survey



Near Term Pilots and Deployments Survey

Other Ideas Submitted in the Survey

1. Data privacy and security
2. Bus platooning to create a “true” BRT (rail on surface) for buses as well as AV buses
3. Campus bus automation

What “Other” ideas have we missed?

Facilitated Group Discussion

1.) Enabling policies and programs

➤ **Additional items?**

2.) Near term demonstrations pilots and deployments

➤ **Additional items?**

Open Discussion / Working Group

- Given everything we have presented and discussed
 1. Does this resonate with how your organization is preparing?
 2. Do we have the right people around the table?
 3. Are any organizations and/or interest groups over **OR** under represented?

Next Steps / Closing Remarks

- Prepare a subcommittee progress report for the WA State AV WG Executive Committee meeting on October 24th
- Prepare a draft 2019 Action Plan for subcommittee input prior to the next meeting on December 17th